acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

# CHASSIS BLACK 26-120 S275-26-120

Date of compilation: 202**3**-0**1**-1**3** 

### 

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

### 1.1 Product identifier

Automotive Finish

Trade name Alternative number(s)

### **CHASSIS BLACK**

26-120

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

General use

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Orion Automotive Finishes LLC PO Box 34 - 1959 Kings Hwy Swedesboro, NJ 08085, USA

Telephone: +1844 578 1750 Telefax: +1 512 793 9796 Website www.orionautomotivefinishes.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

INFOTRAC www.infotrac.net US & Canada: +1 800 535 5053 International: +1 352 323 3500 .

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment
2.6	Flammable liquid	3	Flam. Liq. 3	H226
3.1D	Acute toxicity (dermal)	5	Acute Tox. 5	H313
3.1I	Acute toxicity (inhal.)	5	Acute Tox. 5	H333
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319
3.6	Carcinogenicity	1	Carc. 1	H350
3.8R	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respiratory tract irritation)	3	STOT SE 3	H335
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

# **CHASSIS BLACK** 26-120

### Date of compilation: 2022-02-01

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment
3.10	Aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304
4.1C	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	3	Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

### The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

#### 2.2 **Label elements**

Labeling

- Signal word danger
- Pictograms





nazaru statements	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H313+H333	May be harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H350	May cause cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### - Precautionary statements

r reculationary state	
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P304+P312	IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

# CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

Date of compilation: 2022-02-01

- Precautionary state	ements
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P321	Specific treatment (see on this label).
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

## 2.3 Other hazards

Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures

## 3.2.1 Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%		
XILENE	CAS No 1330-20-7	25 - < 50		
EXTENDER	CAS No 1317-65-3	10 - < 25		
EXTENDER	CAS No 1332-58-7	10 - < 25		
DIQUETO PIRROLO PIRROL	CAS No Propietario	1-<5		
ADITIVO HUMECTANTE Y DISPERSANTE	CAS No Propietario	1-<5		
BUTYL ACETATE	CAS No 123-86-4	1 - < 5		
BUTYL CELLOSOLVE	CAS No 111-76-2	1-<5		
RESINA	CAS No Propietario	1-<5		
RESINA ACRÍLICA TERMOPLÁSTICA	CAS No Propietario	1-<5		
METHANOL	CAS No 67-56-1	<1		



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

# CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

#### Date of compilation: 2022-02-01

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%
BUTAN-2-ONE OXIME	CAS No 96-29-7	<1

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

#### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

#### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D



CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

Date of compilation: 2022-02-01

### Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

### For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

### Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

### Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

# CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

Date of compilation: 2022-02-01

### - Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

#### - Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

#### - Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

#### - Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapors or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

#### - Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Οςςι	Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)											
Co un- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m <sup>3</sup> ]	Nota tion	Source	
US	2-BUTOXYETHAN- OL	111-76- 2	REL	5 (10 h)	24 (10 h)						NIOSH REL	
US	2-BUTOXYETHAN- OL	111-76- 2	PEL	50	240						29 CFR 1910.1000	

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D



CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)											
Co un- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m <sup>3</sup> ]	Nota tion	Source
US	2-BUTOXYETHAN- OL (EGBE) (GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER)	111-76- 2	PEL (CA)	20	97						Cal/OSHA PEL
US	N-BUTYL ACET- ATE	123-86- 4	PEL (CA)	150	710	200	950				Cal/OSHA PEL
US	N-BUTYL ACET- ATE	123-86- 4	REL	150 (10 h)	710 (10 h)	200	950				NIOSH REL
US	N-BUTYL ACET- ATE	123-86- 4	PEL	150	710						29 CFR 1910.1000
US	CALCIUM CAR- BONATE	1317- 65-3	REL		10 (10 h)					I, nat- ural	NIOSH REL
US	CALCIUM CAR- BONATE	1317- 65-3	REL		5 (10 h)					R, nat- ural	NIOSH REL
US	LIMESTONE	1317- 65-3	REL		10 (10 h)					Ι	NIOSH REL
US	LIMESTONE	1317- 65-3	REL		5 (10 h)					R	NIOSH REL
US	LIMESTONE (CAL- CIUM CARBON- ATE)	1317- 65-3	PEL		15					I, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	LIMESTONE (CAL- CIUM CARBON- ATE)	1317- 65-3	PEL		5					R, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	XYLENE, MIX- TURE OF ISO- MERS	1330- 20-7	PEL	100	435						29 CFR 1910.1000
US	XYLENE (DI- METHYLBEN- ZENE)	1330- 20-7	PEL (CA)	100	435	150	655	300			Cal/OSHA PEL
US	KAOLIN	1332- 58-7	REL		10 (10 h)					Ι	NIOSH REL
US	KAOLIN	1332- 58-7	PEL		15					I, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	KAOLIN	1332- 58-7	REL		5 (10 h)					R	NIOSH REL

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D



CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

Οςςι	Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)										
Co un- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m <sup>3</sup> ]	Nota tion	Source
US	KAOLIN	1332- 58-7	PEL		5					R, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	KAOLIN	1332- 58-7	PEL (CA)		2					R, noAs b_les s1Sil	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	CARBON BLACK IN PRESENCE OF POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HY- DROCARBONS (PAHS)	1333- 86-4	REL		0.1 (10 h)					PAHs, appx- A, ap- px-C	NIOSH REL
US	CARBON BLACK	1333- 86-4	PEL (CA)		3.5						Cal/OSHA PEL
US	CARBON BLACK	1333- 86-4	PEL		3.5						29 CFR 1910.1000
US	CARBON BLACK	1333- 86-4	REL		3.5 (10 h)					Appx- A, ap- px-C	NIOSH REL
US	TALC	14807- 96-6	PEL (CA)	1						+Asb, fib/ cm <sup>3</sup>	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	TALC	14807- 96-6	PEL		0.1		1 (30 min)			No_a sb, fib/ ml	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	TALC	14807- 96-6	PEL (CA)		2					No_a sb, r, less1 silica	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	TALC	14807- 96-6	PEL	706						Part ml, noAs b_les s1Sil, r	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	TALC	14807- 96-6	REL		2 (10 h)					R, less1 silica, no_as b	NIOSH REL

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D



# CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)											
Co un- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m <sup>3</sup> ]	Nota tion	Source
US	METHYL ALCO- HOL	67-56-1	REL	200 (10 h)	260 (10 h)	250	325				NIOSH REL
US	METHYL ALCO- HOL	67-56-1	PEL	200	260						29 CFR 1910.1000
US	METHYL ALCO- HOL (METHAN- OL)	67-56-1	PEL (CA)	200	260	250	325	1,000			Cal/OSHA PEL
Notati	on containing ash	estos fiber	s		1			1			

Notation	
+asb	containing asbestos fibers
аррх-А	NIOSH Potential Occupational Carcinogen (Appendix A)
аррх-С	Appendix C - Supplementary Exposure Limits
Ceiling-C	ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur
dust	as dust
fib/cm³	fibers/cm <sup>3</sup>
fib/ml	fibers/ml
i	inhalable fraction
less1silica	with less than 1 % free crystalline silica
natural	natural
no_asb	containing no asbestos fibers
noAsb_less1S	contains no asbestos and less than 1% free crystalline silica
il	
PAHs	as polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)
partml	particles/ml
r	respirable fraction
STEL	short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period
	(unless otherwise specified)
TWA	time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time- weighted average (unless otherwise specified

Relevant DNELs of cor	nponents of t	the mixture				
NAME OF SUBSTANCE	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
XILENE	1330-20-7	DNEL	221 mg/m³	Human, inhalat- ory	Worker (in- dustry)	Chronic - systemic ef- fects
XILENE	1330-20-7	DNEL	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Human, inhalat- ory	Worker (in- dustry)	Acute - sys- temic effects
XILENE	1330-20-7	DNEL	221 mg/m³	Human, inhalat- ory	Worker (in- dustry)	Chronic - loc- al effects
XILENE	1330-20-7	DNEL	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Human, inhalat- ory	Worker (in- dustry)	Acute - local effects

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

# CHASSIS BLACK 26-120



Relevant DNELs of cor	the mixture					
NAME OF SUBSTANCE	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
XILENE	1330-20-7	DNEL	212 mg/kg bw/day	Human, dermal	Worker (in- dustry)	Chronic - systemic ef- fects
EXTENDER	1317-65-3	DNEL	6.36 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Human, inhalat- ory	Worker (in- dustry)	Chronic - loc- al effects
METHANOL	67-56-1	DNEL	260 mg/m³	Human, inhalat- ory	Worker (in- dustry)	Chronic - systemic ef- fects
METHANOL	67-56-1	DNEL	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Human, inhalat- ory	Worker (in- dustry)	Acute - sys- temic effects
METHANOL	67-56-1	DNEL	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Human, inhalat- ory	Worker (in- dustry)	Chronic - loc- al effects
METHANOL	67-56-1	DNEL	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Human, inhalat- ory	Worker (in- dustry)	Acute - local effects
METHANOL	67-56-1	DNEL	40 mg/kg bw/day	Human, dermal	Worker (in- dustry)	Chronic - systemic ef- fects
METHANOL	67-56-1	DNEL	40 mg/kg bw/day	Human, dermal	Worker (in- dustry)	Acute - sys- temic effects
BUTAN-2-ONE OXIME	96-29-7	DNEL	9 mg/m³	Human, inhalat- ory	Worker (in- dustry)	Chronic - systemic ef- fects
BUTAN-2-ONE OXIME	96-29-7	DNEL	3.33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Human, inhalat- ory	Worker (in- dustry)	Chronic - loc- al effects
BUTAN-2-ONE OXIME	96-29-7	DNEL	1.3 mg/kg bw/day	Human, dermal	Worker (in- dustry)	Chronic - systemic ef- fects
BUTAN-2-ONE OXIME	96-29-7	DNEL	2.5 mg/kg bw/day	Human, dermal	Worker (in- dustry)	Acute - sys- temic effects

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture						
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
XILENE	1330-20-7	PNEC	0.327 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Aquatic organisms	Freshwater	Short-term (single in- stance)





# CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture						
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
XILENE	1330-20-7	PNEC	0.327 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Aquatic organisms	Marine water	Short-term (single in- stance)
XILENE	1330-20-7	PNEC	6.58 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Aquatic organisms	Sewage treat- ment plant (STP)	Short-term (single in- stance)
XILENE	1330-20-7	PNEC	12.46 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Aquatic organisms	Freshwater sedi- ment	Short-term (single in- stance)
XILENE	1330-20-7	PNEC	12.46 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Aquatic organisms	Marine sediment	Short-term (single in- stance)
XILENE	1330-20-7	PNEC	2.31 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Terrestrial organ- isms	Soil	Short-term (single in- stance)
METHANOL	67-56-1	PNEC	20.8 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Aquatic organisms	Freshwater	Short-term (single in- stance)
METHANOL	67-56-1	PNEC	2.08 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Aquatic organisms	Marine water	Short-term (single in- stance)
METHANOL	67-56-1	PNEC	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Aquatic organisms	Sewage treat- ment plant (STP)	Short-term (single in- stance)
METHANOL	67-56-1	PNEC	77 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Aquatic organisms	Freshwater sedi- ment	Short-term (single in- stance)
METHANOL	67-56-1	PNEC	7.7 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Aquatic organisms	Marine sediment	Short-term (single in- stance)
METHANOL	67-56-1	PNEC	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Terrestrial organ- isms	Soil	Short-term (single in- stance)
BUTAN-2-ONE OXIME	96-29-7	PNEC	0.256 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Aquatic organisms	Freshwater	Short-term (single in- stance)
BUTAN-2-ONE OXIME	96-29-7	PNEC	177 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Aquatic organisms	Sewage treat- ment plant (STP)	Short-term (single in- stance)

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D



# CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

Date of compilation: 2022-02-01

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

### Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

### - Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

### - Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid (viscous)
Color	Black
Odor	CHARACTERISTIC TO SOLVENT
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	126.2 °C at 1,013 hPa
Flammability	flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
Flash point	27 °C at 1,013 hPa



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

# CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

Date of compilation: 2022-02-01

Auto-ignition temperature	$190\ ^\circ C$ (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	not determined
Kinematic viscosity	not determined
Solubility(ies)	not determined

## Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	this information is not available
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Vapor pressure	0.207 PSI at 85 °F
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## Density and/or relative density

Density	1.25 – 1.29 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub> at 25 °C
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Particle characteristics	no data available	

### 9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	there is no additional information
Other safety characteristics	
Solvent content	36.35 – 36.36 %
Solid content	65 – 69 %
Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T3A (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equip- ment: 180°C)

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D



## CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

Date of compilation: 2022-02-01

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

### If heated:

**Risk of ignition** 

### 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

#### Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### **10.5** Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

#### Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

### Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

#### Acute toxicity

May be harmful in contact with skin. May be harmful if inhaled.

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Dermal 3,569 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>kg</sub> Inhalation: vapor 36.36 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>l</sub>/4h

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D



# CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

Date of compilation: 2022-02-01

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

### Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans					
Name of substance CAS No Classification Number					
BUTYL CELLOSOLVE	111-76-2	3			
XILENE	1330-20-7	3			

### Legend

3

Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans

### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

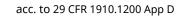
## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Г

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture					
Name of substance CAS No Endpoint Value Species Exposure time					
XILENE	1330-20-7	EL50	2.9 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Aquatic invertebrates	21 d





# CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

### Date of compilation: 2022-02-01

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture					
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
XILENE	1330-20-7	ErC50	4.36 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Algae	73 h
XILENE	1330-20-7	EC50	2.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Algae	73 h
EXTENDER	1317-65-3	EC50	>1,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Microorganisms	3 h
BUTYL ACETATE	123-86-4	EC50	34.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Aquatic invertebrates	21 d
BUTYL ACETATE	123-86-4	LC50	43.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Aquatic invertebrates	21 d
BUTYL ACETATE	123-86-4	ErC50	335 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Algae	24 h
DIQUETO PIRROLO PIRROL	Propietario	EC50	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Daphnia magna	D
BUTAN-2-ONE OXIME	96-29-7	EC50	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Aquatic invertebrates	21 d

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Degradability of components of the mixture						
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Source
EXTENDER	1317-65-3	Carbon dioxide generation	90 %	28 d		ECHA

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture					
Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD	
XILENE	1330-20-7	>5.5 - <12.2	3.2 (pH value: 7, 20 °C)		
BUTYL CELLOSOLVE	111-76-2		0.81 (pH value: 7, 25 °C)		
BUTYL ACETATE	123-86-4		2.3 (pH value: 7, 25 °C)		
DIQUETO PIRROLO PIRROL	Propietario				
METHANOL	67-56-1		-0.77		
BUTAN-2-ONE OXIME	96-29-7	0.5 - 0.6	0.63		

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D



# CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

Date of compilation: 2022-02-01

# **12.4 Mobility in soil** Data are not available.

- **12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** Data are not available.
- **12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties** Information on this property is not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packages

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to DOT) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECT	ION 14: Transport information	
14.1	UN number	1263
	DOT	UN 1263
	IMDG-Code	UN 1263
	ICAO-TI	UN 1263
14.2	UN proper shipping name	PAINT
	DOT	Paint
	IMDG-Code	PAINT
	ICAO-TI	Paint
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	DOT	3
	IMDG-Code	3



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

# CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

Date of compilation: 2022-02-01

	ICAO-TI	3
14.4	Packing group	
	DOT	III
	IMDG-Code	III
	ICAO-TI	III
14.5	Environmental hazards	none
14.6	Special precautions for user	there is no additional information
14.7	Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO inst	ruments
	Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49	CFR US DOT) - Additional information
	Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN1263, Paint, 3, III
	Reportable quantity (RQ)	366.4 lbs (166.3 kg) (XILENE) (BUTYL ACETATE)
	Danger label(s)	3
	Special provisions (SP)	367, B1, B52, B131, IB3, T2, TP1, TP29
	ERG No	128

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question National regulations (United States)

## Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III )

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

Toxics Release Inventory: Specific Toxic Chemical Listings				
Name of substance CAS No Remarks Effective date				
METHANOL	67-56-1		1986-12-31	
XILENE	1330-20-7		1986-12-31	







## **CHASSIS BLACK** 26-120

Date of compilation: 2022-02-01

### Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Statutory code	Final RQ pounds (Kg)
METHANOL	67-56-1		3 4	5000 (2270)
BUTYL ACETATE	123-86-4		1	5000 (2270)
XILENE	1330-20-7		1 3 4	100 (45,4)

Legend 1

3 4

"1" indicates that the statutory source is section 311(b)(2) of the Clean Water Act "3" indicates that the source is section 112 of the Clean Air Act "4" indicates that the source is section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)

### **Clean Air Act**

none of the ingredients are listed

### **Right to Know Hazardous Substance List**

### - Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
METHANOL	67-56-1		TE F3
BUTYL ACETATE	123-86-4		F3
BUTYL CELLOSOLVE	111-76-2		CA F2
EXTENDER	1317-65-3		
XILENE	1330-20-7		F3
EXTENDER	1332-58-7		

Legend

CA F2 F3 TE Carcinogenic Flammable - Second Degree Flammable - Third Degree

Teratogenic

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## CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

Date of compilation: 2022-02-01

# California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Proposition 65 List of chemicals			
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Remarks	Type of the toxicity
Methanol	67-56-1		Develop- mental

## Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

### **NPCA-HMIS® III**

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	2	Temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	3	Material that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions
Physical hazard	0	Material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

### **NFPA® 704**

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	3	Material that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions
Health	2	Material that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or re- sidual injury
Instability	0	Material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

## **National inventories**



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## CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

Date of compilation: 2022-02-01

US TSCA N	lot all ingredients are listed

Legend TSCA

Toxic Substance Control Act

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Sub- stances (permissible exposure limits)
29 CFR 1910.1200 App D	OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200 - Appendix D - Safety Data Sheets
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
DOT	Department of Transportation (USA)
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
ERG No	Emergency Response Guidebook - Number
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

# CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

### Date of compilation: 2022-02-01

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
Log KOW	n-Octanol/water
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
Ppm	Parts per million
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
VPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

### Key literature references and sources for data

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ("Purple book").

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

# CHASSIS BLACK 26-120

### Date of compilation: 2022-02-01

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H313	May be harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H333	May be harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H350	May cause cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.